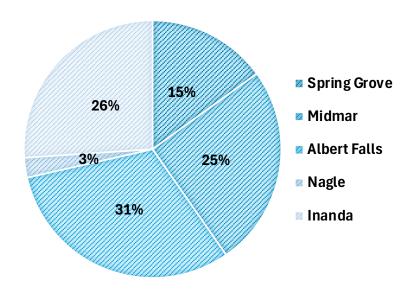
WATER SUPPLY: where does our water come from?



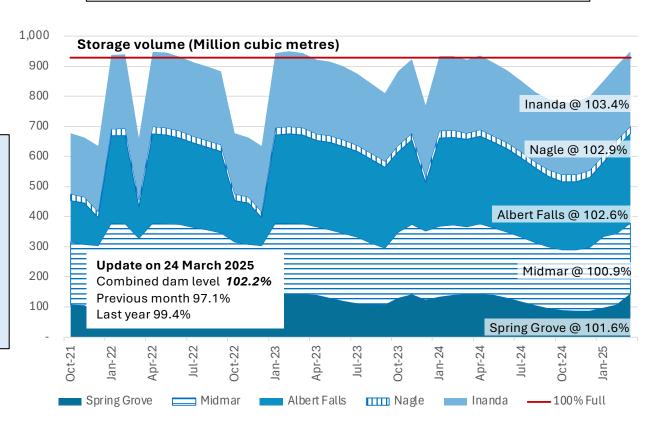
5 New water sources to be provided over the next decade are:

- The Lower uMkhomazi Water Project 60MLD by 2028
- Water Re-use Plant at Southern Works 10MLD by 2028
- Water Re-use Plant at Northern Works 50MLD by 2030
- Water Re-use Plant at Kwamashu Works 50MLD by 2030
- The Upper uMkhomazi Water Project 400MLD by 2032.

These new schemes will provide an additional 550Ml/day for the eThekwini region which is 50% more that the current demand of 1100Ml/day – at current growth and improvement in NRW this will ensure security until 2060

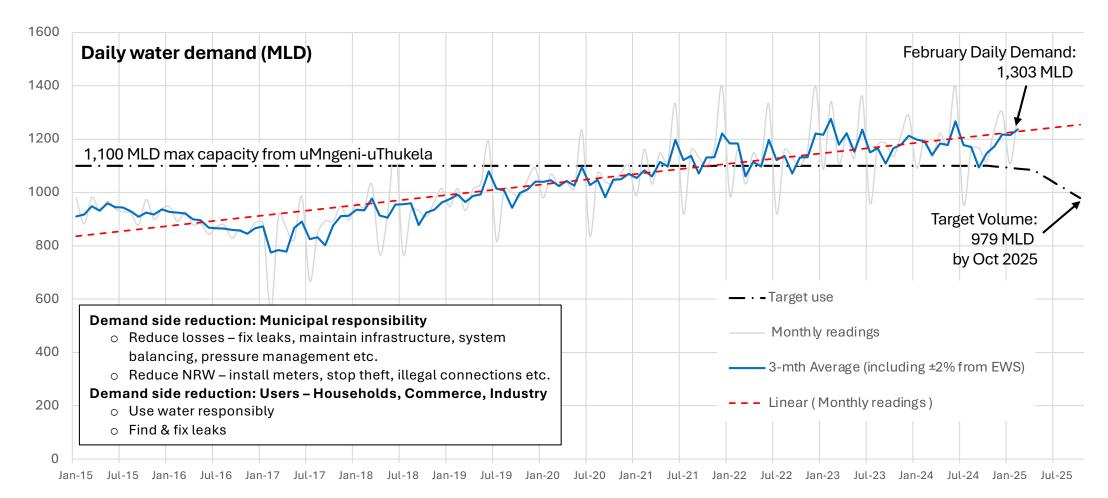
eThekwini water supply comes from 5 dams with a combined capacity of 929 million m³

- More than 98% of treated water is purchased from uMngeni-uThukela Water (UUW)
- The uMngeni water supply system has been over-abstracted by ±20% over past years and the current restriction level requires an 8% saving in demand
- The applicable reconciliation strategy covers uMngeni, North Coast and Middle South Coast water supply systems
- ±20% spare water treatment capacity is available.

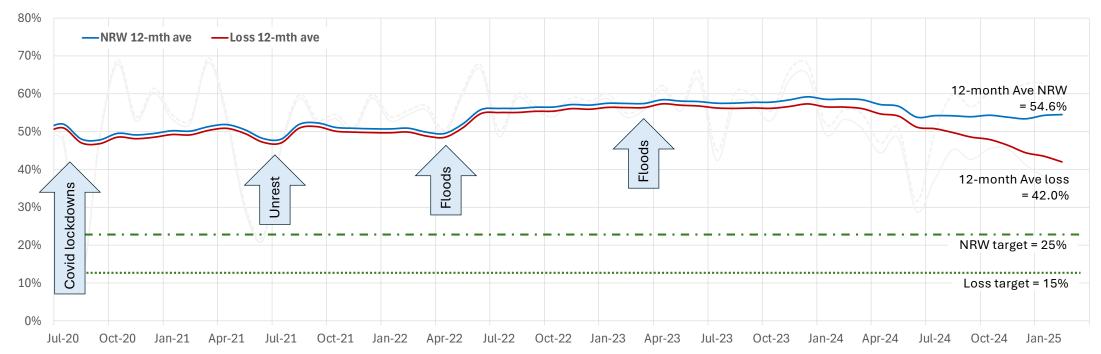


WATER DEMAND: how much water are we using?

- eThekwini has consistently used more than their licensed allocation by ±90 MLD or 8%
- Consumption data has been monitored since 2003. There have been major changes in consumption over time: droughts, Covid, non-revenue water impacts, new billing systems, SDG goal attainment and massive rural ingress.
- At the same time, population has been increasing around 2,5% pa, although growth has been far more rapid in some areas.



REDUCING LOSS AND NON-REVENUE WATER



Water Conservation/Water Demand Management

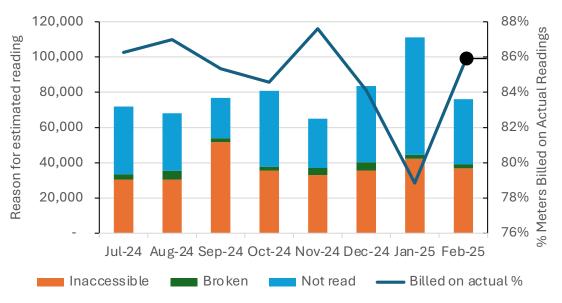
Monthly report for February 2025:

Attended to within 48 hours (target 98%):

- 64% of the 4,987 reported water leaks
- 92% of the 796 burst pipes
- 80% of the 5,366 customer service connection leaks
- 92% of the 2,803 sewer blockages

Metering initiatives

- Disconnections 3,700 in Feb (up from 3,666 in Jan)
- Billed on actual readings in February up from 79 to 86%
- Of the estimations, 48% is due to lack of access, and <1% faulty meters, with the balance not read



January NRW reduced to 58.5% = WATER LOSSES + Unbilled authorised use

Where WATER LOSSES (35.13%) = Real losses + Commercial losses

Real losses include:

- · Leaks on mains
- Leaks and overflows on storage infrastructure
- Leaks on service connections outside the property boundary

Commercial losses include:

- Metering inaccuracies (old meters under-record actual consumption)
- Unauthorised consumption (illegal connections and theft)

and Unbilled authorised use, includes:

- Unbilled metered (e.g. municipal use, supply to communal taps in informal settlements) and
- Unbilled, unmetered use (e.g. fire-fighting, flushing of mains, sewers, deemed consumption)

CONTACT NUMBERS



Inombolo yamahhala: 080 311 1111

WhatsApp: 073 1483 477

Email: Eservices@durban.gov.za

MASONGE AMANZI UKUZE

SIBENAWO NAKUSASA

Mobile phone app: The app is the preferi

The *app is the preferred form of contact* and is now available from Play Store for all Android versions and on Apple Store for IOS.

Contact centre details:

https://www.durban.gov.za/pages/search/contact-us

Report a fault:

https://www.durban.gov.za/pages/faults/report-a-problem

Email:

eservices@durban.gov.za

Facebook:

https://www.facebook.com/eThekwiniM

X / Twitter:

https://twitter.com/eThekwiniM

The above to report all water leaks, burst pipes, water and sewer faults, water quality problems and to make account enquiries. High call volumes can cause delays in response.

